

Size fractionated CHLOROPHYLL *a*  
*Serial filtration followed by fluorimetry after methanol extraction*

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Chlorophyll *a* concentration was determined using the fluorimetric method proposed by Yentsch et Menzel (1963), adapted by Holm-Hansen et Rieman (1978) for pigments extraction by methanol, and described by Herbland *et al.*, 1985. Size fractionation was determined by filtration of 1.2-liter samples through polycarbonate filters (0.2, 0.6, and 2 µm; 47 mm) using Sartorius systems (see photo below) and very low depression (drop by drop). The 0.2 and 0.6 µm filters in the lower Sartorius system were separated by a nylon separator (NY8H04700, Millipore). Immediately after filtration, the filters (and the separator for the 0.2 µm filter) were put on cryotubes with 5 mL of methanol for pigments extraction (30 mn at 4°C). Then, the fluorescence was measured with a Turner designs 10-AU-005-CE fluorimeter equipped with a chlorophyll *a* Kit (F4T45.B2 lamp) according to Welschmeyer (1994).

Fluorescence was converted in chlorophyll *a* using :

$$[\text{Chlorophylle } a] = F_0 \cdot K_0 \cdot v/V$$

$F_0$  = fluorescence

$K_0$  = calibration coefficient obtained with pure chlorophyll *a* (Sigma C5753)

$v$  = extraction volume (5 mL)

$V$ : filtrated volume (1200 mL)

References:

Herbland A., LeBouteiller A., Raimbault P., 1985. Size structure of phytoplankton in the Equatorial Atlantic Ocean. *Deep Sea Res.*, 32: 819-836.

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